

National Imagery and Mapping Agency

28 February 1997 July 20, 1994 NSIA-TBDCIO ASD SIA 0594 0000 Version 1.11-0

United States Imagery <u>and Geospatial</u> <u>Information System</u> Standards Profile for Imagery <u>Access</u> <u>Archives</u>

DRAFT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION	1-1
1.1 Introduction	1-1
1.2 Scope	1-1
1.3 Applicability	
1.4 Document Structure	
2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS	2-1
3. PROFILE DESCRIPTION	3-3
3.1 Overview and Rationale	
3.2 Definitions	3-3
3.3 Concept	3-4
3.3.1 USIGS Library Concept	
3.3.2 Mandatory Data Elements	
4. DATA ELEMENT DEFINITIONS	4-1
10. APPENDIX I - PERMISSIBLE VALUES	10-1
11. APPENDIX II - ONI AMIDSHIPS DATA ELEMENTS	11-1
12. APPENDIX III CORE VIDEO STANDARD DATA ELEMENTS	12-1
13. APPENDIX IV - SPIA DATA ELEMENT MAPPING	13-1

LIST OF TABLES

Table	Title	Page
4-1	SPIA Imagery Data Elements	4-2
4-2	SPIA Imagery Product Data Elements	4-7
4-3	SPIA Security Classification Data Elements	4-9
4-4	SPIA Target Data Elements	4-12
4-5	SPIA Equipment Data Elements	4-14
4-6	SPIA Event Data Elements	4-15
4-7	SPIA Person Data Elements	4-15
10-1	Data Element to Table Mapping	10-1
10-2	EVENT TYPE (EVENTTYPE) Values	10-2
10-3	IMAGE CATEGORY (ICAT) Values	10-3
10-4	IMAGE ELLIPSOID CODE (IMELLIP) Values	10-4
10-5	IMAGE PROCESSING LEVEL CODE (PREPROC)Values	10-5
10-6	IMAGE PROJECTION SYSTEM (IPROJ)Values	10-6
10-7	IMAGE REPRESENTATION (IREP)Values	10-6
10-8	LICENSE (LIC) Values	10-7
10-9	OB TYPE (OBTYPE)Values	10-7
10-10	OBJECT VIEW (OBJVIEW)Values	10-8
10-11	OTHER CONDITIONS (OTHERCOND)Values	10-8
10-12	PLATFORM IDENTIFICATION (PLATID) Values	10-9
10-13	PRODUCT SHORT NAME (PRODSNME) Values	10-10
10-14	SENSOR MODE (SENSMODE) Values	10-13
10-15	SENSOR NAME (SENSNAME) Values	10-13
10-16	TYPE ORDER OF BATTLE (ORDBAT)Values	10-14
11-1	ONI Amidships Data Elements	11-1
11-2	SHIP AIRCRAFT FACILITIES (SHPACFAC) Values	11-1
11-3	SHIP FUNNEL LOCATION (SHPFNLCN) Values	11-1
11-4	SHIP HULL TYPE (SHPHLTP) Values	11-1
11-5	SHIP SUPERSTRUCTURE LOCATION (SHPSSLCN) Values	11-5
11-6	SHIP UPRIGHT SEQUENCE (SHPURSEQ) Values	11-5
12-1	Core Analog Video Data Elements	12-1
13-1	SPIA Data Element Mapping	13-1

STANDARDS PROFILE FOR IMAGERY ARCHIVES Section 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction General

This Standards Profile for Imagery <u>AccessArchives</u> is one in a series of standards profiles being developed for interoperability of elements comprising the United States Imagery <u>and Geospatial System (USIGS)</u>. This profile addresses <u>both-information and communications services that is</u> are necessary to support the storage, <u>discoveryquery</u>, <u>location</u>, and retrieval of imagery from digital product <u>librariesarchives</u>. This profile provides definitions of applicable terminology, references, <u>rationale</u>, <u>concept of operations</u>, and identification of the recommended standard data directory elements.

1.2 Scope

This standards profile is intended for use by developers who are responsible for upgrading legacy systems or developing new imagery <u>libraries</u> compliant with the <u>USIGSUSIS</u> architecture. It includes data elements of a common data directory that <u>are being modeled and standardized within the Defense Data Dictionary System (DDDS)</u>, <u>Standard Query Language (SQL) commands for accessing data, and a data transfer method</u>. The data element definitions in <u>Section 4 paragraph 4</u> address imagery and standard imagery products.

1.3 References The following documents are cited in this profile. ANSI X3.135-1989, Database Language - SQL CIO Imagery Requirement Structure (IRS) Reference Manual CMX MP 4.01/4, National Exploitation Reporting: Control and Management-(NERCM), Feb 92 Defense Airborne Reconnaissance Master Plan DIAM 57-5-1, DoD Exploitation of Multi-Sensor Imagery (First and Second Phase-Reporting) DIAM 57-5-4, Intelligence Processing, DoD Intelligence Report Formats, 28 Feb 90 DIAM 65-3-1, Standard Coding Systems Functional Classification Handbook

28 February 1997
DIAM 65-18, Geo-political Data Elements Related Features
DIAM 65-19, Standard Security Markings
DoDHS Profile of the DoD Technical Reference Model for Information Management, May 1993
FIPS Pub 10-3, Countries, Dependencies, Areas of Special Sovereignty and their Principal Administrative Divisions
FIPS PUB 127-1, Database Language - SQL
File Transfer Protocol, FTP MIL STD 1780
FSTC Foreign Numbering System Guide
 Military Intelligence Integrated Data System (MIIDS) and Integrated Data Base (IDB) Definition and Specification Document Data Element Catalog Part II Volumes 1 and 2, DDB 2600 4537 90, July 1990 and XI DBDD 08 93 C0, August 1993.
NITF Version 2.0, MIL STD 2500, 18 June 93
TCD/ID MII CTD 1779/1777

1.3 Applicability

This profile is applicable to all systems which access <u>USIGSUSIS</u> <u>librariesarchives</u>. It addresses methods for the storage and retrieval of imagery products in <u>librariesarchives</u> accessible by users at the lowest echelon. This profile is written for program development offices developing image <u>libraryarchive</u> applications for use by <u>nNational</u>, theater, and tactical users.

1.4 **Document Structure**

This document consists of four sections and two appendices. Section 1 provides introductory information. Section 2 lists the applicable documents. Section 3 describes the rationale, definitions and concepts applicable to the Standards Profile for Imagery Access (SPIA). Metadata for specific SPIA data elements is detailed in Section 4. Appendix I consists of a series of tables which provide domain values for SPIA elements having a large number of such values. Appendix II covers the standard data elements necessary for the cataloging and retrival of ONI Amidships imagery. Appendix III contains the initial set of core standard data elements to be used for the cataloging and retrival of analog video. Appendix IV contains a table which lists all SPIA data elements in alphabetical order and maps these elements to the tables in Section 4 which fully describe the elements.

1.5 Conformances

TBD

1.5 Test Methods

TBD

Section 2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The following documents are cited in this profile.

Executive Order 12951, Release of Imagery Acquired by Space-Based National Intelligence Reconnaissance Systems, 22 February 1995.

Executive Order 12958, Classified National Security Information, 17 April 1995, as amended 18 September 1995

USIS Standards & Guidelines (CIO-2008), 12 April 1996

<u>USIS Directive 2-1.1, Exploitation and Reporting Structure (EARS) (CIO-3P-005-95):</u> <u>Electronic Reporting (EARS-1.1), 9 February 1995, Change Notice 02</u>

<u>USIS Standards Profile For Imagery Distribution (SPID) (CIO-2019), Version 3, October 1995</u>

The Digital Geographic Information Exchange Standard (DIGEST), Edition 1.2, January 1994

ANSI X3.135-1989, Database Language - SQL

CIO-Imagery Requirement Structure (IRS) Reference Manual, (CIO-3-004-94). June 1994

CMX-MP-4.01/4, National Exploitation Reporting: Control and Management (NERCM), Feb 92

1993 Defense Airborne Reconnaissance Master Plan (TCS804720-92)

DIAM 57-5-1, DoD Exploitation of Multi-Sensor Imagery (First and Second Phase Reporting)

DIAM 57-5-4, Intelligence Processing, DoD Intelligence Report Formats, 28 Feb 90

DIAM 65-3-1, Standard Coding Systems Functional Classification Handbook

DIAM 65-18, Geo-political Data Elements - Related Features

DIAM 65-19, Standard Security Markings, July 1984, through Change Number 89-H

DoDHS Profile of the DoD Technical Reference Model for Information Management, May 1993

FIPS Pub 10-43, Countries, Dependencies, Areas of Special Sovereignty and their Principal Administrative Divisions, 1995 April

FIPS PUB 127-1, Database Language - SQL

File Transfer Protocol, FTP MIL STD 1780

FSTC Foreign Numbering System Guide

Modernized Integrated Database (MIDB) *Element Database Design Dictionary*, 3 June 1996 Release (Softcopy) Military Intelligence Integrated Data System (MIDS) and Integrated Data Base (IDB) Definition and Specification Document Data Element Catalog Part II Volumes 1 and 2, DDB-2600-4537-90, July 1990 and XI-DBDD-08 93 C0, August 1993.

MIL-STD_2500A, *National Imagery Transmission Format (NITF)*, Version 2.0, 12 October 1994 as amended by RFC 96-025NITF Version 2.0, MIL STD 2500, 18 June 93

ANSI/SMPTE 12M-1995, SMPTE Standard for Television, Audio and Film - Time and Control Code, dated September 12, 1995

<u>Common Management Practices for the System of Image Product Archives (CMP SIPA)</u>, Draft, Revision 1 (R1), dated 31 August 1995

TCP/IP. MIL STD 1778/1777

Section 3 PROFILE DESCRIPTION

3.1 Overview and Rationale

The purpose of this section is to explicitly state the requirements for developing an open systems imagery <u>library systemarchive</u> for the <u>USIGSUSIS</u>. The Standards Profile for Imagery Access defines the data elements and information services used in accessing data stored in an imagery <u>libraryarchive</u>.¹

The inclusion of a standard in this profile does not imply that all aspects of the standard are used in the imagery archive. For instance, paragraph 3.1.1 (Database Services) defines a subset of SQL commands to be used in product archive operations. Only those portions of the SQL standard (ANSI X3.135–1989, FIPS—PUB 127–1) related to those commands apply to the product archive.

Data elements listed in Tables 4-1 through 4-7 were derived from data elements defined in the DDDS, the Modernized Integrated Database (MIDB), the National Imagery Transmission Format (NITF), the USIS Standards Profile for Imagery Distribution (SPID), MIDS/IDB, MIL STD 2500, and selected current operational systems. These data elements are a logical representation of the minimal information required to store and retrieve the various types of imagery and imagery products maintained by the imagery librariesarchives of the USIGSUSIS.

To be compliant with this standards profile, an imagery <u>libraryarchive</u> and the client server must be capable of performing storage and retrieval of imagery and related data using only data elements described herein. Although not all libraries will use every data element listed herein, those used must be compliant with this standard. Mandatory data elements required for the inclusion of product in an imagery geospatial library are identified in Section 3.3.2. All data elements within this standard are registered or in the process of being registered with the Defense Data Dictionary System (DDDS). The DDDS standardizes data elements across all areas of the DoD so that all systems will eventually exchange standardized data. This profile is not meant to contain all data elements relating to imagery and imagery products, only those used for the storage, discovery, and retrieval of imagery. Standards profiles for exploitation, integrated management, collection and processing will define the data elements necessary for other functional areas of USIGS. Additional data elements and storage and retrieval mechanisms are permitted but they will not be considered when determining compliance with this profile.

3.2 Definitions

The terminology defined in the following subparagraphs applies to the <u>USIGSUSIS</u>.

¹ It includes the recommendations of the Directory Data Task Force, established in March of 1993, to help define a common data directory.

<u>Library</u> Archive: A data storage system which maintains a large volume of current and historical data for access by information users.

COTS: Commercial Off-The-Shelf

Directory: A tool that contains formatted summary information about data.

Directory Data: Data that is stored in a directory that uniquely identifies a single item stored in an <u>libraryarchive</u>.

Imagery <u>Library</u> Archive: The Imagery <u>Library</u> Archive is the combination of; file server computing platform, file server storage, <u>Library</u> Archive Server Application, <u>Library</u> Archive Directory, <u>Library</u> Archive File Server, <u>Library</u> Archive Client Application, <u>General Purpose</u> Workstation, and <u>Library</u> Archive Client.

Product: The results of exploitation and analysis of <u>USIGSUSIS</u> imagery and imagery derived data, documented in electronic or physical media. May include original imagery, pictures, text, audio, video and/or graphics data. Also includes database entries.

Profile: A set of one or more base standards, and, where applicable, the identification of chosen classes, subsets, options, and parameters of those base standards necessary for accomplishing a particular function.

3.3 Concept

3.3.1 <u>USIGSUSIS</u> <u>Library Archive</u> Concept

A network of interoperable <u>librariesarchives</u>, accessible to all users, is integral to future <u>USIGSUSIS</u> architecture. All <u>USIGSUSIS</u> imagery, imagery products, and supporting data will eventually be available through this network. To meet this objective, network <u>librariesarchives</u> and associated applications must adhere to clearly defined standards and guidelines for storage, <u>discovery</u>, retrieval, and transmission of all imagery, products and data.

3.3.2 Mandatory Data Elements

At a minimum the following five SPIA data elements are mandatory for the storage, discovery, and retrival of imagery and geospatial products in USIGS libraries.

- CLASSIFICATION (Additional elements will be required if the product is classified)
- PRODUCER CODE
- PRODUCT FILE SIZE (Calculated by the library application if not provided by the user)

- PRODUCT SHORT NAME
- TIME OF COLLECTION

Details on these elements are provided in the tables in Section 4. In addition, the Element Description column indicates which elements are required for NITFS transmission of products.

3. 3. 1 Imagery Library Archive

An imagery archive supports the storage, retrieval and management of imagery product files. It is a modular component that can be integrated into an open imagery information systems environment. It supports a product directory containing a set of standard data elements describing stored products, and a set of user and maintenance applications.

The imagery archive operates in a client/server mode in an open system environment. Client applications retrieve directory data using standard—query language requests that comply with FIPS PUB 127-1, Database Language—SQL. The standard data elements described in paragraph 4 complete the guidance on the formation of client data queries.

Among the directory data elements is an access identifier for use by the standard file transfer mechanism. When a user directs client applications to request transfer of a product file, the application uses this identifier in the standard product transfer command described in paragraph 3.1.2. The server accepts new product files through the same standard file transfer mechanism.

3. Standards Profile for Imagery Archive

3.1 Information Services

The information service area of the USIS Standards Profile identifies two services: database and data interchange. The following paragraphs discuss each.

3.1.1 Database Services

This section addresses database services that are used to access imagery product archives. The database services discussed in this section, are defined in the Data Management Services section, section 2.3, of the DoDHS Profile.

The following commands provide a user, who does not have privilege to update the database, the ability to retrieve archive information:

- SELECT

Retrieve data about specific products.

SPIA Version 1.1 (Draft) RFC OOA-0324 28 February 1997

The following commands provide a user, who has privilege to update the database, the ability to retrieve, modify, and insert archive information:

INSERT
Insert new data into an archive.
SELECT
Retrieve data about specific products.
LIPDATE
——————————————————————————————————————
Opdate un ectory data contained within a archive

3.1.2 Data Interchange Services

Transmission of product data is accomplished with the File Transfer Protocol, FTP. All imagery data descriptions and format protocols must comply with NITFS v2.0.

3.2 Communications Services

3.2.1 Network Services

Network services will be handled via TCP/IP.

Section 4 DATA ELEMENT DEFINITIONS

Data element definitions are provided in Tables 4-1 through 4-7 below. SPIA data elements have been divided into generic subject areas. These subject areas are guidelines only and should not be construed as implementation guidance. The areas are:

- <u>Table 4-1, Imagery related elements</u>
- Table 4-2, Product related elements
- Table 4-3, Security Classification related elements
- Table 4-4, Target related elements
- <u>Table 4-5, Equipment related elements</u>
- Table 4-6, Event related elements
- Table 4-7, Person related elements

Permissible or domain values for data elements which are lengthy are provided in Appendix I. Appendix IV contains a table which lists all SPIA data element names in alphabetical order and maps the elements to the tables in this section.

Table 4-1 SPIA Imagery Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
ANGLE TO NORTH	ANGLETO NORTH	IntN	3	Angle in degrees from the first row of the image to true north. Required for NITFS if ESD = Y.	000-359
BITS PER PIXEL PER BAND	ABPP	<u>Int</u> N	2	Maximum number of significant bits for the value in each band of each pixel without compression.	1 to 16
CAMERA SPECS	CAMSPECS	CharA/ N/ Special	1-32	Specifies the brand name of the camera used, and the focal length of the lens.	Known camera names and focal lengths in millimeters.
CLOUD COVER	CLOUDCVR	<u>Int</u> N	3	Indicates the percentage of the image that is obscured by cloud cover.	000 to 100 999 = Unknown
COMPLIANCE LEVEL	CLEVEL	<u>Int</u> N	2	Identifies the NITF value required to fully interpret the NITF file. Required for NITFS.	01 to 06 and 99
COMPRESSION GENERATION	COMGEN	<u>Int</u> N	2	Counts the number of lossy compressions circles performed done by the Imagery Archive.	00-99
EXPLOITATION SUPPORT DATA	ESD	<u>Char</u> A	1	Indicates whether or not Exploitation Support Data (ESD) is available and contained within the product data.	Y = Yes, N = No
GENERATION	GENERATIO N	N	4	Specifies the number of image generations of the product. The number (0) is reserved for the original product.	An assigned numeric value between (0 and 9).
IMAGE CATEGORY	ICAT	<u>Char</u> A	2-8	Identifies the specific category of imagery (often revealing the nature of the collector or intended use), raster or grid data. Required for NITFS.	See Table 10-3
IMAGE COLUMNS	NCOLS	<u>Int</u> N	8	Contains the total number of columns of pixels in the image. Required for NITFS.	00000000 to 99999999

Table 4-1 SPIA Imagery Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
IMAGE COORDINATE SYSTEM	ICORDS	<u>Char</u> A	1	Indicates the geo-referenced coordinate system for the image. Required for NITFS.	U = UTM, $G = Geodetic$, $C = Geocentric$, $N = None$.
IMAGE DATUM	<u>IDATUM</u>	<u>Char</u>	3	Identifies the mathematical representation of the earth used to geocorrect/orthorectify the image. (Identifies the Datum associated with IGEOLO)	The domain values listed in the DDDS for data element Horizontal-Reference-Datum-Code.
IMAGE ELLIPSOID	IELLIP	Char	3	Identifies the mathematical representation of the earth used to geocorrect/orthorectify the image. (Identifies the Ellipsoid associated with IGEOLO.)	As defined in DIGEST, Part 3, Table 8-1. See Table 10-4.

Table 4-1 SPIA Imagery Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
IMAGE GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION	IGEOLO	IntA/N	60	Specifies the geographic locations in latitude and longitude in decimal degrees of the four corner points of an image.	If the Image Coordinate System field ICORDS value is not N, this field shall contain a valid geographic location, in terms of corner locations, of the image in the coordinate system specified in the ICORDS field. The locations of the four corners of the (significant) image data shall be given in image coordinate order; (0,0), (0, MaxCol), (MaxRow, MaxCol), (MaxRow, O). MaxCol and MaxRow shall be determined from the values contained, respectively, in NCOLS and NROWS as MaxCol = NCOLS - 1 and MaxRow = NROWS - 1. Valid corner locations in geodetic and geocentric coordinates shall be expressed as latitude and longitude in decimal degrees. The format is tdd.dddtddd.dddddmmssXdddmmssY (four times) - where tdd.ddd equals latitude ("+" is northern hemisphere and "-" is southern hemisphere) and tddd.ddd equals longitude ("+" is eastern hemisphere and "-" is western hemisphere).X = N or S for north or south, and Y = E or W for east or west or ggXYZmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmm
IMAGE ID	IMAGEID	CharA/ N	1- <u>60</u> 4 0	A system dependent unique image identifier assigned by the collection system or producer.	National, Tactical, Civil, Commercial, or Handheld Image ID's.
IMAGE PROCESSING LEVEL CODE	<u>PREPROC</u>	Char	<u>2</u>	Identifies the level of radiometric and geometric processing applied to the product by the commercial vendor.	See Table 10-5
IMAGE PROJECTION SYSTEM	<u>IPROJ</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>2</u>	Identifies the 2D map projection used by commercial vendors to geocorrect/orthorectify the image.	As defined in DIGEST, Part 3, Table 6-1. See Table 10-6.
IMAGE REPRESENTATION	IREP	<u>Char</u> A	1-8	Identifies the general kind of image represented by the data. Used in conjunction with the ICAT field. Required for NITFS.	See Table 10-7

Table 4-1 SPIA Imagery Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
IMAGE ROWS	NROWS	<u>Int</u> N	8	Contains the total number of rows of pixels in the image. Required for NITFS.	00000000 to 99999999
LICENSE	<u>LIC</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>1-50</u>	Indicates government organizations that have legal authority to use the image in accordance with provisions specified in the contract between the purchaser and commercial vendor.	See Table 10-8. Multiple entries separated by a comma may be used.
MEAN GSD	MEANGSD	<u>Int</u> N	<u>7</u> 5	The geometric mean of the across and along scan center-to-center distance between contiguous ground samples. Required for NITFS if ESD = Y.	00000.0 to 99999.9000.0 to 999.9. Expressed in inches, accuracy = 10%.
MISSION NUMBER	MSNNUM	CharA/ N/ Special	1-7	Identifies the mission number assigned to the reconnaissance mission.	As defined by EARS-1.1DIAM 57 5 4 or NERCM.
NATIONAL IMAGE INTERPRETABILITY RATING SCALE	NIIRS	<u>Int</u> N	3	Specifies the image quality based on the National Imagery Interpretability Rating Scale (NIIRS). Required for NITFS if ESD = Y.	0.0 to 9.9
NUMBER OF BANDS	NBANDS	<u>Int</u> N	1	Number of bands comprising the image.	1 to 9
OBLIQUITY ANGLE	OBLANGLE	<u>Int</u> N	5	Obliquity angle of image expressed in degrees. Accuracy = 0.6 degrees. Required for NITFS.	00.00 to 90.00
OTHER CONDITIONS	OTHERCOND	<u>Char</u> A	2	Indicates other conditions which affect the imagery over the target.	See Table 10-11
PLATFORM IDENTIFICATION	<u>PLATID</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>1-14</u>	<u>Unique</u> identifier <u>of a commercial</u> <u>collection platform.</u>	See Table 10-12
PROJECT ID CODE	PROJID	<u>Char</u> A	2	Identifies collection platform project identifier code.	As defined in <u>EARS-1.1</u> DIAM 57 5 4, the code may be derived from various DIA reconnaissance program directives or <u>EARS-1-1ADIAM 57 5 1</u> .
RPC	RPC	<u>Char</u> A	1	Indicates whether or not Rapid PositioningPostioning Capability (RPC) data is available and contained within the product data.	Y = Yes, N = No

Table 4-1 SPIA Imagery Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
SATELLITE TRACK	SATTRACK	Int	<u>8</u>	Identifies location of an image acquired by LANDSAT or SPOT (only) along the satellite path.	Minimum values: PATH(J)=0001 ROW(K)=0001 Maximum values: PATH(J)=9999 ROW(K)=9999 (Recorded as PATH/ROW = 00010001 to 99999999
SENSOR MODE	SENSMODE	CharA/ N	1-12	Identifies the sensor mode used in capturing the image.	See Table 10-14
SENSOR NAME	SENSNAME	CharA/ N/ Special	1-18	Identifies the name of the sensor used in capturing the image.	As defined in the 1993 Defense Airborne Reconnaissance Master Plan (TBR). See Table 10-15 for commercial sensors.
SOURCE	SOURCE	CharA/ N/ Special	1-255	Identifies where the image came from (e.g., Magazine, Trade Show, etc.).	User Defined
STANDARD RADIOMETRIC PRODUCT	SRP	<u>Char</u> A <u>/</u> <u>N</u>	1	Indicates whether or not standard radiometric product data is available in the archive.	Y - Yes, N - No
STEREO ID	STEREOID	CharA/ N	1-40	Identifies the complimentary image of a stereo pair. Repeats up to 3 times.	National and tactical image ID's.
SUBJECTIVE QUALITY	SUBQUAL	CharA/ N	1	Indicates a subjective rating of the quality of a hand held or airborne the image.	P- POOR, F- FAIR, G- GOOD, E- EXCELLENT
SUN AZIMUTH	SUNAZ	<u>Int</u> N	5	Sun azimuth in degrees measured clockwise from true north.	000.0 to 359.9
SUN ELEVATION	SUNEL	<u>Int</u> N	5	Sun elevation in degrees measured from the target plane at intersection of the optical line of sight with the earth's surface.	-90.0 to 90.0
TIME OF COLLECTION	TIMECOLL	CharA/ N	<u>8</u> € or 14	Indicates the date or the date and time (Zulu) an image was captured by a collector. Date mandatory across all product types.	CCYYMMDDHHMMSSDDHHMMSSZMONYY - Zulu time. If security levels prohibit the knowledge of when an image was taken, the time characters should be filled in with spaces.

Table 4-2 SPIA Imagery Product Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
ACCESS ID	ACCESSID	CharA/ N/ Special	1-64	Contains an <u>libraryarchive</u> -unique identifier. This could be the product filename, a record identifier, a reference number, the product id, or any other means to access the product from the <u>libraryarchive</u> .	User Defined
ASSOCIATED REPORT	ASSRPT	CharA/ N	1-20	Any other known report associated with the product. Repeating.	Valid report number.
ASSOCIATED TEXT	ATEXT	CharA/ N/ Special	1-255	Text further describing the imagery product. Repeating.	User Defined
FM CONTROL NUMBER	FMCONTROL	CharA/ N/ Special	1-32	Identifies foreign material associated with the product.	TBR-NGICAs specified in the FSTC Foreign Numbering System Guide.
KEYWORD	KEYWORD	CharA/ N/ Special	1-255	Provides a freeform text description of the product. Repeating.	User Defined
MAP ID	MAPID	CharA/ N	1-40	<u>Identifies</u> Indentifies a map associated with the product.	User Specified
PAGE/PART NUMBER	PPNUM	CharA/ N/ Special	1-5	Indicates the page/part number of the product.	Any valid page or part number.
PRODUCER CODE	PRODUCERCD	<u>Char</u> A	2	Identifies the organization responsible for creating or modifying the product. Mandatory across all product types.	List maintained by DIA/CL-2D. As defined in Appendix F of CIO's Imagery Requirement Structure (IRS) Reference Manual.
PRODUCER SUBELEMENT	PRODUCERSE	CharA/ N	1-6	Identifies the element within the producing organization that created the product.	User defined.
PRODUCT CODE	PRODCODE	CharA/ N	2	Identifies the reporting product code for the product stored in the archive.	As defined in EARS-1.1Appendix 6, NERCM.

Table 4-2 SPIA Imagery Product Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR	ELEMENT	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
DD ODLLGT CDE ATE	DD OD GDEN (E	TYPE	LENGTH		
PRODUCT CREATE	PRODCRTIME	CharA/	<u>8</u> 6 or 14	Identifies the date or the date and time	CCYYMMDDHHMMSSDDHHMMSSZMONYY -
TIME		N		(Zulu) that the product was created or	Zulu time.
				last modified.	If security levels prohibit the knowledge of product
					creation time, the time characters should be filled
					with blank spaces.
PRODUCT FILE SIZE	PRODFSIZE	<u>Int</u> N	12	Identifies, to an order of magnitude, the	00000000000 to 99999999999
				size of the file in bytes. Mandatory across	
				all product types. Required for NITFS.	
PRODUCT FORMAT	PRODFMT	Char _A /	4-9	Indicates this file is formatted using a	NITFNN.NN
		N		specific version of NITFS, or TIFF or	Valid values are NITF01.10 and NITF02.00. Also
				Sun Raster formats. Required for	TIFF or Sun Raster.
				NITFS.	
PRODUCT ID	PRODIDNO	Char _{A/}	1-20	Identifies a product stored in the archive	Valid producer assigned product number.
NUMBER		N		with a producer assigned number.	
PRODUCT SHORT	PRODSNME	Char _{A/}	2-10	Identifies the abbreviated name of a	See Table 10-13 To be published in a CIO
NAME		N		product stored in the archive. Mandatory	memorandum.
				across all product types.	
PRODUCT TITLE	PRODTITLE	Char _{A/}	1-50	Identified the title of the product as	Valid product title - User defined.
		N		assigned by the producing organization.	
REQUESTING	REQORG	Char _{A/}	1-64	Identifies the organization requesting that	Producer code(s) if available; otherwise
ORGANIZATION		N		an <u>imagery product image</u> be placed in an	organization(s) name.
				archive. Repeating.	
SECTION TITLE	SECTITLE	CharA/	1-40	Identifies the title of a section of a multi-	User defined valid section titles.
	_	N		section product.	
SUBJECTIVE DETAIL	SUBDET	Char _{A/}	1	Indicates a subjective rating of useful	P- POOR, F- FAIR, G- GOOD, E- EXCELLENT
		N		detail available in the product.	
TOTAL	TPP	<u>Int</u> N	3	Indicates the total number of parts or	001 to 999
PAGES/PARTS				pages associated with PPNUM.	

Table 4-3 SPIA Security Classification Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
AUTHORITY	AUTHORITY	Char-A/N	<u>401-20</u>	Classification authority for the product.	One of the following: - Original classification authority name and position or personal identifier if AUTHORITY TYPE is O. - Title of document or security classification guide used to classify item if authority type is D - Deriv-Multiple if AUTHORITY TYPE is M. (Indicates multiple sources used with originator maintaining record of sources used on file or record copy.) - DCI if AUTHORITY TYPE is I. Valid code in accordance with the regulations governing the appropriate security channel(s).
AUTHORITY TYPE	AUTHTYP	Char	1	Indicates type of authority used to classify the product	O - Original classification authority D - Derivative M - Derivative from multiple sources I - Imagery as defined in E.O. 12951
CLASSIFICATION	CLASS	<u>Char</u> A	1	Indicates the classification level of the product. Mandatory across all products. Required for NITFS.	T - TOP SECRET S - SECRET C - CONFIDENTIAL R- RESTRICTED - Non-U.S. classification systems only. U - UNCLASSIFIED
CLASSIFICATION REASON	CLASSRSN	<u>Char</u>	1	Indicates the reason for classifying the product.	A through G for original classification per E.O. 12958, Section 1.5.(a) through (g) for original classification. Blank if unclassified, derived classification, or classified under a non-U.S. system.
CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM	CLASSYS	<u>Char</u>	<u>2</u>	Indicates the national classification system used in classifying the product,	Country Codes per FIPS 10-4 for nations and codes per DIAM 65-18 for multi-national entities.

Table 4-3 SPIA Security Classification Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
CLASSIFICATION TEXT	CLASTXT	Char	44	Provide additional information about classification to include identification of a declassification or downgrading event. May also be used to identify multiple sources and/or any other special handling rules.	User defined.
CODEWORDS	CODEWORD S	<u>Char</u> A/ N	<u>11</u> 1 40	Security compartments associated with the product.	Codeword tri/digraphs and/or codes per DIAM 65-19, Data Standard No. 3 (TBR) Diagraphs from DIAM 65-19/supplements, trigraphs from DIAM 65-19, and complete codewords or project numbers.
CONTROL	CONTROL	CharA/ N	<u>2</u> 1-40	Special handling instructions and caveats associated with the product.	Codes per DIAM 65-19, Data Standard No. 3 (TBR). Diagraphs from DIAM 65-19/suppliments, and complete words/abbreviations of more than two characters
DECLASSIFICATION TYPE	DECLASTYP	Char	2	Indicates type of declassification or downgrading action to be taken or reason file is exempt from declassification.	DD - declassify on a specific date as indicated in DECLASSIFICATION DATE. DE - declassify upon occurrence of the event described in CLASSIFICATION TEXT. GD - downgrade to specified level on date as indicated in DOWNGRADE and DOWNGRADE DATE. GE - downgrade to specified level upon occurrence of event described in CLASSIFICATION TEXT. O - OADR X - exempt from automatic declassification per DoD 5200.1-R, para 5-204.
DECLASSIFICATION DATE	DECLASSDT E	<u>Char</u>	<u>8</u>	Date when file is to be declassified.	YYYYMMDD

Table 4-3 SPIA Security Classification Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
DECLASSIFICATION EXEMPTION	DECLASXMP	<u>Char</u>	4	Indicates reason product is exempt from automatic declassification.	X1 through X8 per DoD 5200.1-R, paras 4-202b(1) through (8) for material exempt from the 10-Year rule. (Entry showing up to two reasons - e.g. X1,5 - is allowed) X251 through 9 per DoD 5200.1-R, paras 4-301a(1) through (9) for permanently valuable materials exempt from the 25-year declassification system.
DOWNGRADE	<u>DWNGRD</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>1</u>	Level to which a file is to be downgraded.	S - Secret C- Confidential R - Restricted
DOWNGRADE DATE	<u>DWNDTE</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>8</u>	Date when file is to be downgraded to level indicated in DOWNGRADE.	<u>YYYYMMDD</u>
FILE CONTROL NUMBER	<u>FCNTLNR</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>15</u>	The file security control number	<u>User defined</u>
RELEASE	RELEASE	Char A/ N	<u>201-40</u>	Indicates the countries and/or country grouping (e.g. NATO) to which product is authorized for release.	Country Codes per FIPS 10-4 for nations and codes per DIAM 65-19 for multi-national entities. (TBR) CountryDiagraphs from DIAM 65-18
SOURCE DATE	SRCEDTE	<u>Char</u>	<u>8</u>	Date of the source used for derivative classification. In the case of multiple sources, the date of the latest source.	YYYYMMDD
DOWNGRADING	ĐWNG	A/N	6	Indicates the point in time at which declassification or downgrading action is to take place.	In accordance with DIAM 65-19, the possible values are, (1) the calender date in the format YYMMDD, (2) the code "999999" when the originating's agency determination is required (OADR), and (3) the code "999998" when a specific event determines at what point declassification or downgrading is to take place.
DOWNGRADING EVENT	DWNGEVEN T	A/N	1-40	The event causing a security downgrade. (Applicable when DWNG equals "999998").	Valid event in accordance with DIAM 65-19.

Table 4-4 SPIA Target Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
CATEGORY	CAT	<u>Int</u> N	5	Classifies a target element by its product or the type of activity in which it can engage. Repeating.	10000-99999. As defined in DIAM 65-3-1 (Functional Classification Handbook).
COUNTRY CODE	CTRYCD	<u>Char</u> A	2	Identifies the country in which the geographic coordinates of the target element reside. Repeating.	As defined in DIAM 65-18 and FIPS 10-43 .
DATUM	DATUM	<u>Char</u> A	3	Identifies the datum of the map used to derive the target coordinates (UTM or GEO). Repeating	Domain values as listed in the DDDS for data element Horizontal-Reference-Datum-Code, In accordance with Appendix B, Attachment 10, XI DBDD 08 93.
PERCENTAGE OF COVERAGE	PERCOVER	<u>Int</u> N	3	Percent of the target covered by the image. Repeating.	000 to 100
TARGET GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES	TGTGEO	A/N	15	Specifies a point target's geographic location in latitude and longitude. Repeating.	ddmmssXdddmmssY where ddmmssX represents degrees, minutes, and seconds of lattitude with X = N or S for north or south, and dddmmssY represents degrees, minutes, and seconds of longitude with Y = E or W for east or west.
TARGET ID	TGTID	CharA/ N/ Special	6, 10, 15	Used to describe a point target or an area target (DSA, LOC or BAS). Repeating.	If a point target: 10 character BE (nnnnxxxnnn) or 15 character target ID consisting of a 10 character BE plus the 5 character Originator (O)BE Suffix (xxnnn). For definitions of BE and OBE Suffix see MIDBMIDS/IDB documentation. If an area target, enter the 6 character area target identifier: annnnn. For area target Identifier: a = B, for Special Broad Area Search (BAS) targets C, for BAS Standing Cluster D, for Directed Search Area (DSA) targets E, for Line of Communication (LOC) targets S, for Standing BAS nnnnn = 00001-99999.

Table 4-4 SPIA Target Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
TARGET LATITUDE	TGTLAT	<u>Int</u>	10	Specifies a point target's geographic location in latitude (in decimal degrees). Repeating.	#dd.dddddd - where "+" is northern hemisphere and "-" is southern hemisphere. (NOTE: Provide the value only to the decimal places (precision) warranted by the sources and methods used to determine the location.)
TARGET LONGITUDE	TGTLON	<u>Int</u>	П	Specifies a point target's geographic location in longitude (in decimal degrees). Repeating.	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
TARGET NAME	TGTNAME	CharA/ N/ Special	38	Identifies the official name of the target element based on the MIIDS/IDB name. Repeating.	Target name usually starts with the BGN- approved place name.
TARGET UTM COORDINATES	TGTUTM	A/N	15	Identifies the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) grid coordinates that equate to the geographic coordinates of the target element. Repeating.	XXXNNnnnnnnnnnn where XXX = 3 alphanumeric 6x8 degree UTM zone, NN = 2 numeric characters representing the 100,000 meter square, nnnnn = 5 easting numerics, and nnnnn = 5 northing numerics.

Table 4-5 SPIA Equipment Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
COUNTRY PRODUCED	CTRYPROD	<u>Char</u> A	2	Identifies the country that produced the object.	Country codes as defined in DIAM 65-18 and FIPS 10-43 .
COUNTRY CODE DESIGNED	CTRYDSN	<u>Char</u> A	2	Identifies the country that designed the original object. Repeating.	Country codes as defined in DIAM 65-18 and FIPS 10-43 .
EQUIPMENT CODE	EQPCODE	<u>Char</u> A/ N	1-7	A unique designated equipment code identifying a category of equipment. Repeating.	As defined in MIDB Element Database Design Dictionary, List of values maintained by DIA/POI,DDB 2600 4040 YR, Defense Intelligence Equipment Index (U). Ref MIIDS/IDB, Vol 2.
EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER	EQPMAN	<u>Char</u> A	1-64	Identifies the manufacturer of a piece of equipment. Repeating.	Known name of an equipment manufacturer(s).
EQUIPMENT NOMENCLATURE	EQPNOMEN	CharA/ N/ Special	1-45	Nomenclature used to identify a piece of equipment. Repeating.	As defined in MIDB Element Database Design Dictionary. User defined free text, DDB 2600 4040 YR, Defense Intelligence Equipment Index (U). Ref MHDS/IDB, Vol 2
ОВ ТҮРЕ	ОВТҮРЕ	<u>Char</u> A	1	Indicates the type of order of battle associated with the target element, according to the MIDBMHDS/IDB. Repeating.	See Table 10-9
OBJECT VIEW	OBJVIEW	<u>Char</u> A	3- <u>96</u>	View of the object.	See Table 10-10
TYPE ORDER OF BATTLE	ORDBAT	CharA/ N	3	Indicates the type of order of battle associated with the equipment target element, according to EARS-1.1NERCM and DIAM 57-5-4. Repeating.	See Table 10-16

Table 4-6 SPIA Event Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR	ELEMENT	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
		TYPE	LENGTH		
EVENT NAME	EVENTNAME		1-38	The recognized name of the event.	Any event name.
		N/ Special		Repeating.	
EVENT TYPE	EVENTTYPE	<u>Char</u> A	3-8	Indicates the generic type of event	See Table 10-2
				associated with the product. Repeating.	

Table 4-7 SPIA Person Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
ASSOCIATED COUNTRY	ASSOCTRY	<u>Char</u> A	2	Identifies the country the person (s) captured in the image is/are associated with. Repeating.	Country codes as defined in DIAM 65-18 and FIPS 10-43 .
BIRTH DATE	DOB	<u>Char</u> N	<u>8</u> 6	Identifies the birth date of the person captured in the image. Repeating.	<u>CCYYMMDD</u> MMDDYY
FIRST NAME	FIRSTNME	CharA/ N	1-28	Identifies the first name(s) of an individual(s) captured in an image. Repeating	User Defined
LAST NAME	LASTNME	CharA/ N/ Special	1-28	Identifies the surname of individual(s) captured in an image. Repeating.	User Defined
MIDDLE NAME	MIDNME	<u>Char</u> A/ N	1-28	Identifies the middle name(s) of the individual(s) captured in an image. Repeating.	User Defined.

Appendix I PERMISSIBLE VALUES

This appendix contains the permissible or domain values for data elements in Tables 4-1 through 4-7 where the list of values is lengthy. Table 10-1 maps the data elements to specific tables in this Appendix. The specific data element value tables provide the domain values for the element, and define those values when necessary. Domain value sources and comments are included as applicable.

Table 10-1 Data Element to Table Mapping

ELEMENT	ABBR	TABLE
EVENT TYPE	EVENTTYPE	Table 10-2
IMAGE CATEGORY	ICAT	Table 10-3
IMAGE ELLIPSOID	IMELLIP	Table 10-4
IMAGE PROCESSING LEVEL CODE	PREPROC	Table 10-5
IMAGE PROJECTION SYSTEM	IPROJ	Table 10-6
IMAGE REPRESENTATION	IREP	Table 10-7
LICENSE	LIC	Table 10-8
OB TYPE	OBTYPE	Table 10-9
OBJECT VIEW	OBJVIEW	Table 10-10
OTHER CONDITIONS	OTHERCOND	Table 10-11
PLATFORM IDENTIFICATION	PLATID	Table 10-12
PRODUCT SHORT TITLE	PRODSNME	Table 10-13
SENSOR MODE	SENSMODE	Table 10-14
SENSOR NAME	SENSNAME	Table 10-15
TYPE ORDER OF BATTLE	ORDBAT	Table 10-16

Table 10-2 EVENT TYPE (EVENTTYPE) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
AIRDEF	Air Defense Operations	MIDB Data Dictionary
AIROPS	Air Operations	
CBW	Chemical Or Biological Warfare	
CIVIL	Civilian	
COMMO	Communications	
DIS	Disaster	
ECON	Economic	
EXPOPS	Expeditionary Or Amphibious	
	Operations	
GNDOPS	Ground Operations	
HUMAN	Humanitarian	
JOINT	Joint Or Combined Operations	
MILEX	Military Movement/ Exercise	
MILMOV	Military Movement/ Operations	
NAT	Natural	
NAVOPS	Naval Operations	
NUC	Nuclear	
PEACE	Peacekeeping	
POL	Political	
SPACE	Space	
TERR	Terrorist Activity	
Z	Inconclusive Analysis	

Table 10-3 IMAGE CATEGORY (ICAT) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS	
BP	Black/White Frame Photography	NITF and EARS 1.1	!
CAT	CAT Scans		!
СР	Color Frame Photography		
<u>DTEM</u>	Elevation Models		!
EO	Electro-optical		ļ
FL	Forward Looking Infrared		ļ
FP	Fingerprints		!
HR	High Resolution Radar		!
HS	Hyperspectral		ļ
IR	Infrared		!
<u>LEG</u>	Legend		!
<u>LOCG</u>	Location Grids		
MAP	Raster Maps		!
MATR	Other types of matrix data		ļ
MRI	Magnetic Resonance Imagery		!
MS	Multispectral		!
OP	Optical		!
PAR	Color Patch		
RD	Radar		!
SAR	Synthetic Aperture Radar		ļ
SARIQ	SAR Radio Hologram		!
SL	Side-Looking Radar]
TI	Thermal Infrared		l
VD	Video		l
VIS	Visible imagery		l
XRAY	X-rays		!

Table 10-4 IMAGE ELLIPSOID CODE (IMELLIP) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
AAM	Modified Airy	DIGEST, Part 3, Table 8-1
<u>AAY</u>	Airy	
<u>AUN</u>	Australian National	
BES	<u>Bessel 1841</u>	
<u>CLE</u>	<u>Clarke 1858</u>	
<u>CLJ</u>	<u>Clarke 1880</u>	
<u>CLK</u>	<u>Clarke 1866</u>	
<u>EVE</u>	<u>Everest</u>	
<u>EVM</u>	Modified Everest	
<u>FAM</u>	Modified Fisher 1960	
<u>FIS</u>	<u>Fisher</u>	
<u>GRE</u>	Geodetic Reference System 1967	
<u>GRS</u>	Geodetic Reference System 1980	
<u>HEL</u>	Helmert 1906	
<u>HOU</u>	<u>Hough</u>	
<u>IDN</u>	Indonesian 1974	
INT	<u>International</u>	
<u>KRA</u>	<u>Krassovsky</u>	
SAM	South American 1969	
WAL	Walbeck	
<u>WGA</u>	World Geodetic System 1960	
<u>WGB</u>	World Geodetic System 1966	
<u>WGC</u>	World Geodetic System 1972	
<u>WGD</u>	World Geodetic System 1984	

Table 10-5 IMAGE PROCESSING LEVEL CODE (PREPROC) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENT S
<u>0</u>	Systems corrections only and raw metadata extraction from telemetry stream. Applied to all imaging events of a given sensor uniformly independent of where the data were collected.	Earth Imaging Working Group (EIWG) of the Open GIS Consortium (OGC)
1	Metadata refined and additions made. Radiometric and geometric calibrations may be undertaken using external information.	
<u>1A</u>	Geographic formatting using the sensor system's geographic knowledge. The image pixels values are not adjusted, but based on internal system information, metadata values may change or new metadata is added.	
<u>1R</u>	Radiometric adjustment using the sensor system's radiometric calibration data measurements.	
<u>1G</u>	Photogrammetric geopositioning of the sensor data using external geo-referenced information.	
<u>1N</u>	Non-mapping product that may be used for many different purposes. In most cases, not used for cartographic or GIS-Mapping purposes.	
<u>2R</u>	Radiometric modification of Level 1 data using external information.	
<u>2G</u>	Geometric transformation of sensor data based on the results of photogrammetric geopositioning. This level includes rectification and orthorectification.	
<u>2T</u>	Terrain compilation from Level 1G data.	
<u>2F</u>	Feature compilation and/or thematic classification from Level 1G data.	
<u>3F</u>	Feature extraction and/or thematic classification from Level 2 data products.	
<u>3T</u>	Terrain extraction from the Level 2T data products. Examples would include the generation of a regular grid of elevation posts interpolated from and irregular Level 2T network of elevation posts, and the generation of surface polynomials, tessellated patches, or contours from Level 2T values.	
<u>4F</u>	Feature symbolization - generation of map symbols, feature color assignment, etc., from Level 2 compiled and Level 3 extracted features.	
<u>4T</u>	Terrain symbolization - generation of symbolized terrain displays, such as shaded relief displays, wire frame models, tagged and/or colorized contours.	

Table 10-6 IMAGE PROJECTION SYSTEM (IPROJ) Values

<u>VALUE</u>	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>AC</u>	Albers Conical Equal Area	DIGEST, Part 3, Table 6-1
<u>AK</u>	Azimuthal Equal Area	
<u>AL</u>	Azimuthal Equal Distant	
<u>GN</u>	Gnomic	
<u>LE</u>	Lambert Conformal Conic	
<u>LJ</u>	Lambert Equal Area	
<u>MC</u>	Mercator	
<u>OC</u>	Oblique Mercator	
<u>OD</u>	<u>Orthographic</u>	
<u>PG</u>	Polar Stereographic	
<u>PH</u>	Polyconic	
<u>RB</u>	Hotline Olique Mercator	
<u>RC</u>	Relative Coordinates	
<u>SD</u>	Oblique Stereographic	
TC	<u>Transverse Mercator</u>	

Table 10-7 IMAGE REPRESENTATION (IREP) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
MONO	Monochrome	NITF
RGB	Red, Green, Blue True Color	
RGB/LUT	Mapped Color	
MULTI	Multiband Imagery	
YCbCr601	Special Usage	See NITF for details.

Table 10-8 LICENSE (LIC) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>0</u>	TIER 1	
1	TIER 2	
<u>2</u>	TIER 4	
<u>3</u>	DOD	<u>Department of Defense</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>NIMA</u>	National Imagery & Mapping
		<u>Agency</u>
<u>6</u>	<u>CIA</u>	Central Intelligence Agency
<u>7</u>	<u>DIA</u>	<u>Defense Intelligence Agency</u>
<u>8</u>	<u>ACOM</u>	Atlantic Command
9	<u>CENTCOM</u>	Central Command
<u>10</u>	<u>EUCOM</u>	European Command
<u>11</u>	<u>PACOM</u>	Pacific Command
<u>12</u>	<u>SOUTHCOM</u>	Southern Command
<u>13</u>	<u>SOCOM</u>	Special Operations Command
<u>14</u>	<u>SPACECOM</u>	Space Command
<u>15</u>	<u>STRATCOM</u>	Strategic Command
<u>16</u>	<u>TRANSCOM</u>	<u>Transportation Command</u>
<u>17</u>	NAVY	<u>US Navy</u>
<u>18</u>	<u>AF</u>	US Air Force
<u>19</u>	<u>MARINES</u>	US Marine Corps
<u>20</u>	ARMY	<u>US Army</u>
<u>21</u>	NSA	National Security Agency
<u>22</u>	<u>IC</u>	Intelligence Community
<u>23</u>	<u>FG</u>	<u>Federal</u> Government <u>- Title 50</u>

Table 10-9 OB TYPE (OBTYPE) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
A	Air Force	MIDB Data Dictionary
В	IDB Cross Pinnacle	
С	Civilian	
Е	Net	
F	SMOB	
G	Army	
Н	DMOB	
J	SOB	
K	TMOB	
N	Navy	
P	Para-Military	
S	Strategic Forces	
X	ADOB	

Table 10-10 OBJECT VIEW (OBJVIEW) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
RIGHT		
LEFT		
TOP		
BOTTOM		
FRONT		
REAR		

Table 10-11 OTHER CONDITIONS (OTHERCOND) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
SN	Snow	EARS-1.1
SH	Shadow	
OL	Degrading Obliquity	
SD	Semidarkness	
BL	Blurred Image	
TR	Terrain Masking	
HD	Heavy Smoke or Dust	
RN	Rain	
NT	<u>Night</u>	Added

Table 10-12 PLATFORM IDENTIFICATION (PLATID) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
ADEOS-1		Japanese Government
ALMAZ 1B		Russian Government
ALOS		Japanese Government
<u>ALOS-PASAR</u>		Japanese Government
<u>AVSAT 1</u>		Astrovision, Inc.
CBERS 1		Brazil - China Governments
CBRES-2		Brazil - China Governments
<u>CLARK</u>		<u>USG</u>
CRSS 1		Space Imaging, Inc.
CRSS 2		Space Imaging, Inc.
EARLYBIRD 1		EarthWatch, Inc.
EARLYBIRD 2		EarthWatch, Inc.
ENVISAT-ASAR		European Space Agency
<u>EO-1</u>		<u>USG</u>
EOS AM 1		<u>USG</u>
EROS 1		<u>Israel Government</u>
EROS 2		<u>Israel Government</u>
<u>ERS-1</u>		European Space Agency
ERS-2		European Space Agency
<u>GEROS</u>		GER Corporation
<u>IRS-1A</u>		Antrix Corporation, India
<u>IRS-1B</u>		Antrix Corporation, India
<u>IRS-1C</u>		Antrix Corporation, India
<u>IRS-1D</u>		Antrix Corporation, India
IRS-P4		India Government
IRS-P5		India Government
<u>IRS-P6</u>		<u>India Government</u>
JERS-1		Japanese Government
<u>KOMPSAT</u>		South Korean Government
<u>LANDSAT 4</u>		<u>USG</u>
LANDSAT 5		<u>USG</u>
LANDSAT 7		<u>USG</u>
<u>LEWIS</u>		<u>USG</u>
<u>LSAR</u>		<u>USG</u>
MTI		<u>USG</u>
NOAA-10		<u>USG</u>
NOAA-11		<u>USG</u>
NOAA-12		<u>USG</u>
ORBVIEW 1		Orbimage Corporation
ORBVIEW 2		Orbimage Corporation

Table 10-12 PLATFORM IDENTIFICATION (PLATID) Values (Cont.)

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>P-1</u>		GDE, Inc.
PRIRODA-MIR		German and Russian Governments
MOMS-2P		
QUICKBIRD 1		EarthWatch, Inc.
QUICKBIRD 2		EarthWatch, Inc.
RADARDAT 1 SAR		Canadian Government
RADARDAT 2 SAR		Canadian Government
RESOURCE 21		Boeing Space, Inc.
ROCSAT		Taiwan Government
<u>SEASTAR</u>		Orbimage Corporation
SIR-C-XSAR		<u>USG</u>
SPIN 2		Russian Government
SPOT 1		French Government
SPOT 2		French Government
SPOT 3		French Government
SPOT 4		French Government
SPOT 5		French Government
WARFIGHTER		USG

Table 10-13 PRODUCT SHORT NAME (PRODSNME) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>ADRI</u>	ADRI Broad Area Coverage	Joint Interoperability Working Group
<u>APG</u>	Aimpoint Graphic	(CMP SIPA)
<u>AESB</u>	Amphibious Exercise Study	
	Book	
<u>AIAS</u>	Amphibious Intelligence	
	<u>Area Study</u>	
<u>ANMS</u>	Amphibious/Noncombatant	
	Evacuation Order (NEO)	
	Misc	
<u>ANGLY</u>	<u>Anaglyph</u>	
<u>ANIMG</u>	Annotated Image, to include	
	Annotated SIDS, Annotated	
	Print, Point Tgt Msn Spt	
	Image, Area Cvg Msn Spt	
	Image, RFI Spt Image, Range	
	Tng/Exer Imagery, Mosaics,	
	Image Map	
<u>AWSIMG</u>	Advanced weapon System	
	SPT Image	

Table 10-13 PRODUCT SHORT NAME (PRODSNME) Values (Cont.)

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
BIIB	Basic Imagery Interpretation	
	<u>Brief</u>	
BIIR	Basic Imagery Interpretation	
	Report	
<u>BRFBD</u>	Briefing Boards	
<u>BRFIMG</u>	HQ ACC, 480IG Intel Briefs	
<u>BTG</u>	Basic Target Graphic	
<u>CSP</u>	Contingency Support	
	<u>Package</u>	
<u>DAHI</u>	Daily Highlights	
<u>DEPPKG</u>	Pre-Deployment Package	
<u>DIPFAC</u>	Diplomatic Facilities	
	<u>Package</u>	
<u>DPPRG</u>	<u>DPP Reference Package</u>	
<u>DTM</u>	Digital Target Material	
<u>SAO</u>	Fleet Special Activities	
	Office (SAO) Package	
<u>FACEMB</u>	Facility/Embassy Graphic	
<u>GCGSD</u>	Global Command and	
	Control System (GCCS)	
	<u>Graphic</u>	
<u>GRG</u>	Gridded Reference Graphic	
<u>HHIMG</u>	<u>Hand Held, to include</u>	
	Ground Photo	
<u>HTG</u>	Hardened Target Graphic	
<u>IAB</u>	<u>Imagery Analysis Brief</u>	
	(Mini-Board)	
<u>IAM</u>	Imagery Analysis	
TANT	Memorandum	
IAN	Imagery Analysis Note	
IAR	Imagery Analysis Report	
<u>IES</u>	Imagery Executive Summary	
<u>ISP</u>	Imagery Support Package	
<u>ITG</u>	Infrared Target Graphic	
ITT	Interactive Training Tool	
<u>IPIR</u>	Initial Phase Interpretation	
17	Report	
<u>Keys</u>	IA Keys	
<u>LDB</u>	LANT Daily Brief	
<u>LNDRW</u>	<u>Line Drawing</u>	

Table 10-13 PRODUCT SHORT NAME (PRODSNME) Values (Cont.)

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
MAP	<u>Maps</u>	
MSI	Multi-Spectral Imagery	
	<u>Products</u>	
MSSIM	SDRI/ADRG/DTED Cells	
NBRG	National Basic Reference	
	<u>Guide</u>	
<u>NISH</u>	NEO Intel Support Handbook	
<u>NEOHBK</u>	NEO Intel Support Handbook	
	(SOUTHCOM)	
<u>OSP</u>	Operations Support Package	
<u>PEPIR</u>	Preliminary Exploitation	
	Phase Interpretation Report	
<u>PL</u>	Plotsheet	
<u>QRG</u>	Quick Reference Guide	
<u>RECIMG</u>	Recognition Guides	
RECSLD	Recognition Slides	
<u>RTG</u>	Radar Target Graphic	
<u>STG</u>	Seasonal Target Guide	
SAO	Special Activities Office	
	(SAO) Package	
SIIR	Special Imagery	
	<u>Interpretation Report</u>	
<u>SSSG</u>	Special Support Section	
	<u>Graphic</u>	
<u>SUPIR</u>	Supplemental Phase	
	<u>Interpretation Report</u>	
TIP	<u>Target Intelligence Package</u>	
<u>TPRPT</u>	Topic Report (Data Base	
	Entry Message)	
TRTG	<u>Training Target Graphic</u>	
<u>TSP</u>	Target Support Package	
TTG	<u>Tactical Training Graphic</u>	
<u>UEIMG</u>	<u>Unexploited Image</u>	
<u>\$AAXXXXXXX</u>	<u>User Site Unique (where \$ is</u>	
	the special code indicating	
	user site unique product, AA	
	is producer code, and 7X is	
	site unique PSN)	
WAGSD	Warrior graphic Situation	
	<u>Display</u>	

Table 10-14 SENSOR MODE (SENSMODE) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
WHISKBROOM		
PUSHBROOM		
FRAMING		
SPOT		
SWATH		
TBD		

Table 10-15 SENSOR NAME (SENSNAME) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>TM</u>	MSI sensor on Landsat 4 and 5	EOSAT, Inc.
<u>ETM</u>	MSI sensor on Landsat 7	NASA
MSS	MSI sensor on Landsat 3 and 4	EOSAT, Inc.
HRV	MSI sensor on SPOT 1 -3	SPOT Image, Inc.
HRVIR	MSI sensor on SPOT 4	SPOT Image, Inc.
LISS I	MSI sensor on IRS-1A and 1B	Indian Space Agency
LISS II	MSI sensor on IRS-1A and 1B	Indian Space Agency
LISS III	MSI sensor on IRS-1C and 1D	Indian Space Agency
WiFS	MSI wide area sensor on IRS-1C and	Indian Space Agency
	<u>1D</u>	
<u>OPS</u>	MSI sensor on JERS-1	Japan Space Agency
EOS-AMI	MSI sensor on ASTER	NASA, EOS Program
AVHRR	MSI sensor on NOAA weather	NOAA
	<u>satellites</u>	
<u>HSI</u>	Hyperspectral sensor on Lewis	NASA
MISR	MSI sensor on EOS-AM	NASA, EOS Program
MODIS-N	MSI sensor on EOS-AM1	NASA, EOS Program
<u>VIRS</u>	MSI sensor on TRMM	JPL and NASA
MSI	MSI sensor on various commercial	EarthWatch, Space
	<u>platforms</u>	Imaging, and other
		potential vendors
<u>PAN</u>	Panchromatic sensor on various	EarthWatch, Space
	commercial platforms	Imaging, and other
		potential vendors
<u>COMDEV</u>	SAR sensor on RADARSAT	Canadian RADARSAT
		<u>Program</u>
SAR	SAR sensor	
<u>HYDICE</u>	MSI sensor	<u>Navy</u>

Table 10-16 TYPE ORDER OF BATTLE (ORDBAT) Values

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
MIS	Missile and Related Equipment	EARS-1.1
AOB	Aircraft and Related Equipment	
NVL	Naval and Merchant Vessels	
GFW	Ground Force Weapons and Equipment	
ELC	Communications, Radar, and other	
	Electronic Equipment	
BCW	Biological and Chemical Warfare	
	Equipment	
AAA	Anti-Aircraft and Related Equipment	
NUC	Nuclear Related Equipment	
DMY	Objects fabricated and installed for the	
	purpose of deception	
OBJ	Objects and equipment not included in	
	the above categories, such as crates,	
	rolling stock, miscellaneous support	
	equipment	

Appendix II ONI AMIDSHIPS DATA ELEMENTS

This appendix contains metadata on the data elements needed to support the ONI Amidships hand-held imagery program. This set of data elements has been placed in an appendix because of their very limited and specific application to ONI and its Image Product Library. Consequently these elements are not required to be considered for SPIA compliance and related development efforts except as they pertain to the ONI program. In this appendix, Table 11-1 contains the basic metadata for the ONI Amidships program. Lengthy domain values are provided in following tables as indicated in the Permissible Values column of Table 11-1.

Table 11-1 ONI Amidships Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
SHIP AIRCRAFT FACILITIES	SHPACFAC	<u>Char</u>	<u>1</u>	Identifies existence of a designated helicopter landing place or a place to lower supplies and/or personnel from a helicopter.	See Table 10-15
SHIP BEAM	<u>SHPBEAM</u>	<u>Int</u>	<u>3</u>	Maximum width in meters of a vessel.	<u>001 to 999.</u>
SHIP CALL SIGN	<u>SHPCS</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>10</u>	ID code given a vessel for use in international communications.	<u>User defined.</u>
SHIP CATEGORY	SHPCAT	<u>Char</u>	<u>3</u>	Indicates the ship category.	As defined in the ONI NID.
SHIP DEADWEIGHT TONNAGE	SHPDWT	<u>Int</u>	<u>6</u>	The maximum weight in tons of a vessel fully loaded with crew, fuel and cargo.	000001-999999.
SHIP FORECASTLE	SHPFCSL	<u>Char</u>	<u>1</u>	Indicates whether the forecastle of a vessel is elevated above the main deck.	Y - Yes, N - No
SHIP FUNNEL LOCATION	SHPFNLLCN	<u>Char</u>	<u>1</u>	The location of the funnel(s) on the ship.	See Table 10-16
SHIP GROSS TONNAGE	SHPGWT	<u>Int</u>	<u>6</u>	The gross registered tonnage of a vessel.	<u>000001 to 999999.</u>
SHIP HATCHES	<u>SHPHTCH</u>	<u>Int</u>	<u>2</u>	The total number of hatches seen on the deck of vessel capable of loading or unloading cargo.	00 to 99.
SHIP HULL TYPE	<u>SHPHLTP</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>2</u>	ONI assigned hull type designator.	<u>See Table 10-17</u>
SHIP IDENTIFIER	<u>SCONUM</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>6</u>	The unique identifier for each vessel recorded in the ONI NID.	As defined in the ONI NID. Nnnnn or Mnnnnn.

Table 11-1 ONI Amidships Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR TYPE	ELEMENT LENGTH	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
SHIP LENGTH	<u>SHPLNG</u>	<u>Int</u>	<u>4</u>	The length in meters of a vessel.	<u>0001 to 9999.</u>
SHIP OPERATIONAL	SHPSTAT	<u>Char</u>	<u>1</u>	The operational status of a vessel.	A - Active, I - Inactive
<u>STATUS</u>					
SHIP REGISTER	<u>LRNUM</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>7</u>	The permanent identification number	<u>0000001 through 9999999.</u>
<u>NUMBER</u>				assigned by Lloyds's Register of	
				Shipping.	
SHIP SATCOM	<u>SHPSCANT</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Indicates the existence of a satellite</u>	<u>Y - Yes, N - No</u>
<u>ANTENNA</u>				communication radome.	
<u>SHIP</u>	SHPSSLCN	<u>Char</u>	<u>2</u>	The location of vessel's main	<u>See Table 10-18</u>
<u>SUPERSTRUCTURE</u>				superstructure.	
<u>LOCATION</u>					
SHIP TWIN ABREAST	<u>SHPTAF</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Indicates the existence of two main</u>	<u>Y - Yes, N - No</u>
<u>FUNNELS</u>				engine funnels side by side.	
SHIP TYPE	<u>SHPTP</u>	<u>Char</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Indicates the ship type.</u>	As defined in the ONI Naval Intelligence Database
					(NID). 100 through 830.
SHIP TYPE	SHPTPDESC	<u>Char</u>	<u>1-60</u>	A textual description of the ship type.	As defined in the ONI NID.
<u>DESCRIPTION</u>					
SHIP UPRIGHT	SHPURSEQ	<u>Char</u>	<u>1</u>	Appearance and sequence of upright	See Table 10-19
<u>SEQUENCE</u>				structures along the vessel from bow to	
				stern. Repeating.	

Table 11-2 SHIP AIRCRAFT FACILITIES (SHPACFAC) Values

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>X</u>	<u>Unknown</u>	
<u>H</u>	<u>Hanger</u>	
<u>D</u>	Helo Deck	
<u>S</u>	"H" Labeled Helo Spot	
<u>P</u>	Painted Circle or Spot without "H"	
<u>0</u>	<u>None</u>	

Table 11-3 SHIP FUNNEL LOCATION (SHPFNLCN) Values

<u>VALUE</u>	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>0</u>	No Funnel	
<u>1</u>	<u>Forward</u>	
<u>2</u>	<u>Amidships</u>	
<u>3</u>	Aft	
<u>4</u>	Fore and Aft	
<u>5</u>	Fore and Amidships	
<u>6</u>	Amidships and Aft	

Table 11-4 SHIP HULL TYPE (SHPHLTP) Values

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>	SOURCE/COMMENT
		<u>S</u>
<u>1</u>	A superstructure exceeding one-third of the overall	
	length of the ship with one or more funnel locations	
	and a cruiser stern.	
<u>2</u>	A superstructure exceeding one-third of the overall	
	length of the ship with one or more funnel locations	
	and a counter stern.	
<u>3</u>	A ship with a single weather deck extending from	
	bow to stern, a funnel(s) located amidships and a	
	<u>cruiser stern.</u>	
<u>4</u>	A ship with a single weather deck extending from	
	bow to stern, a funnel(s) located amidships and a	
	counter stern.	
<u>5</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships and a cruiser stern.	

Table 11-4 SHIP HULL TYPE (SHPHLTP) Values (Cont.)

VALUE	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENT
		<u>S</u>
<u>6</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships and a counter stern.	
<u>7</u>	A ship with a raised amidships, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships and a cruiser stern.	
<u>8</u>	A ship with a raised amidships, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships and a counter stern.	
9	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a	
	funnel(s) located amidships and a cruiser stern.	
<u>10</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a	
	funnel(s) located amidships and a counter stern.	
<u>11</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships and a cruiser stern.	
<u>12</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships and a counter stern.	
<u>13</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a raised	
	stern, a funnel(s) located amidships and a cruiser	
	stern.	
<u>14</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a raised	
	stern, a funnel(s) located amidships and a cruiser	
	stern.	
<u>15</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a long continuous raised	
	amidships, a raised stern, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships and a cruiser stern.	
<u>16</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a long continuous raised	
	amidships, a raised stern, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships and a counter stern.	
<u>17</u>	A ship with a raised bow extending into and including	
	amidships with or without a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships and a cruiser stern.	
<u>18</u>	A ship with a raised bow extending into and including	
	amidships with or without a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships and a counter stern.	
<u>19</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships	
	extending into and including the stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships and a cruiser stern.	

Table 11-4 SHIP HULL TYPE (SHPHLTP) Values (Cont.)

<u>VALUE</u>	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENT
		<u>S</u>
<u>20</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships	
	extending into and including the stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships and a cruiser stern.	
<u>21</u>	A ship with a single weather deck extending from	
	bow to stern, a funnel(s) located amidships, a split	
	superstructure and a cruiser stern.	
<u>22</u>	A ship with a single weather deck extending from	
	bow to stern, a funnel(s) located amidships, a split	
	superstructure and a counter stern.	
<u>23</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a funnel located amidships,	
	a split superstructure and a cruiser stern.	
<u>24</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a funnel located amidships,	
	a split superstructure and a counter stern.	
<u>25</u>	A ship with a raised amidships, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships, a split superstructure and a cruiser stern.	
<u>26</u>	A ship with a raised amidships, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships, a split superstructure and a counter stern.	
<u>27</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a	
	funnel(s) located amidships, a split superstructure and	
	<u>cruiser stern.</u>	
<u>28</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a	
	funnel(s) located amidships, a split superstructure and	
	<u>counter stern.</u>	
<u>29</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a	
	<u>funnel(s) located amidships, a split superstructure and</u>	
	<u>a cruiser stern.</u>	
<u>30</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships, a split superstructure and a counter	
	stern.	
<u>31</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships, a split superstructure and a cruiser	
	stern.	
<u>32</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a raised	
	stern, a funnel(s) located amidships, a split	
	superstructure and a counter stern.	
<u>33</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a long continuous raised	
	amidships, a raised stern, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships, a split superstructure and a cruiser stern.	
<u>34</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a long continuous raised	
	amidships, a raised stern, a funnel(s) located	
	amidships, a split superstructure and a counter stern.	

Table 11-4 SHIP HULL TYPE (SHPHLTP) Values (Cont.)

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>	SOURCE/COMMENT
		<u>S</u>
<u>35</u>	A ship with a raised bow extending into and including	
	amidships with or without a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships, a split superstructure and a cruiser	
	stern.	
<u>36</u>	A ship with a raised bow extending into and including	
	amidships with or without a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships, a split superstructure and a counter	
	stern.	
<u>37</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships	
	extending into and including the stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships, a split superstructure and a cruiser	
	stern.	
<u>38</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships	
	extending into and including the stern, a funnel(s)	
	located amidships, a split superstructure and a counter	
	stern.	
<u>39</u>	A ship with a single weather deck extending from	
	bow to stern, a funnel(s) located aft and a cruiser	
	stern.	
<u>40</u>	A ship with a single weather deck extending from	
	bow to stern, a funnel(s) located aft and a counter	
	stern.	
<u>41</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a funnel(s) located aft and a	
	<u>cruiser stern.</u>	
<u>42</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a funnel(s) located aft and a	
	<u>counter stern.</u>	
<u>43</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a	
	<u>funnel(s) located aft and a cruiser stern.</u>	
<u>44</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a	
	<u>funnel(s) located aft and a counter stern.</u>	
<u>45</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located aft and a cruiser stern.	
<u>46</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised stern, a funnel(s)	
	located aft and a counter stern.	
<u>47</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a raised	
	stern, a funnel(s) located aft and a cruiser stern.	
<u>48</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships, a raised	
	stern, a funnel(s) located aft and a counter stern.	
<u>49</u>	A ship with a raised bow extending into and including	
	amidships, a raised stern, a funnel(s) located aft and a	
	cruiser stern.	

Table 11-4 SHIP HULL TYPE (SHPHLTP) Values (Cont.)

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>	SOURCE/COMMENT S
<u>50</u>	A ship with a raised bow extending into and including	
	amidships, a raised stern, a funnel(s) located aft and a	
	<u>counter stern.</u>	
<u>51</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships	
	extending into and including the stern, a funnel(s)	
	located aft and a cruiser stern.	
<u>52</u>	A ship with a raised bow, a raised amidships	
	extending into and including the stern, a funnel(s)	
	located aft and a counter stern.	
<u>53</u>	A ship with a raised amidships, a raised stern, a	
	funnel(s) aft and a cruiser stern.	
<u>55</u>	A ship with a raised stern, a funnel(s) aft and a cruiser	
	stern.	

Table 11-5 SHIP SUPERSTRUCTURE LOCATION (SHPSSLCN) Values

<u>VALUE</u>	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>S0</u>	None	S = Single Superstructure
<u>S1</u>	<u>Forward</u>	
<u>S2</u>	<u>Amidships</u>	
<u>S3</u>	Aft	
<u>\$4</u>	<u>Major</u>	
<u>M0</u>	<u>None</u>	M = Multiple Superstructure
<u>M1</u>	Fore/Aft	
<u>M2</u>	Amidships/Aft	
<u>M3</u>	Amidships/Amidships	
<u>M4</u>	Fore/Amidships	
<u>M6</u>	Three or More	
	<u>Superstructures</u>	

Table 11-6 SHIP UPRIGHT SEQUENCE (SHPURSEQ) Values

<u>VALUE</u>	DEFINITION	SOURCE/COMMENTS
<u>M</u>	Mast	
<u>K</u>	Kingpost	
<u>C</u>	<u>Crane</u>	
<u>F</u>	<u>Funnel</u>	
<u>G</u>	Gantry Crane	

Appendix III CORE VIDEO STANDARD DATA ELEMENTS

This appendix contains the core standard data elements needed to support the video imagery program. This is the standard set of data elements recommended for the prototyping, exchange, and interoperability of video meta data. The core video data set has been placed in an appendix because the video program is still in the developmental stage. The data elements contained in this appendix currently support analog video data; eventually the set will be expanded to include digital video. Further, there is no formal approved requirement to include analog video imagery data in the Imagery Product Libraries (IPL's). Consequently, these elements are not required for SPIA compliance and related development efforts except as they pertain to the video imagery program. Video standard data elements which relate to video stotage, discovery and retrieval will be migrated into the main SPIA once development efforts have established a set of metadata which encompasses digital data and video imagery products are approved for inclusion in the IPL's.

Table 12-1 lists all data elements for the core video analog metadata set. For convenience purposes, the table includes elements already listed in the main SPIA. These elements are indicated by normal font. Changes to the metadata in existing SPIA elements and new data elements proposed for video analog imagery are italicized.

Table 12-1 Core Video Data Elements

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR	ELEMEN	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
		TYPE	T		
			LENGTH		
				Mission Data	
MISSION NUMBER	MSNNUM	CharA/	7	Identifies the mission number assigned to	As defined by EARS-1.1DIAM 57 5 4 or NERCM.
		N/		the reconnaissance mission.	
		Special 5 2 2			
PROJECT ID CODE	PROJID	<u>Int</u> A	2	Identifies collection platform project	As defined in EARS-1.1DIAM 57 5 4, the code may
				identifier code.	be derived from various DIA reconnaissance program
					directives or EARS-1-1ADIAM 57-5-1.
PRODUCT START	PRODSTRT	Char	14	Video product start date and time in	YYYYMMDDHHMMSS
TIME				UTC. Accurate to within one second of	
				the acquisition of the first line of the first	
				image.	

Table 12-1 Core Analog Video Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR	ELEMEN	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES				
		TYPE	T						
			LENGTH						
	Sensor Data								
Note 1: Sensor position may be expressed by using SENSOR X DIMENSION, SENSOR Y DIMENSION, and SENSOR Z DIMENSION									
(ECEF Cartesian coo	(ECEF Cartesian coordinates) or SENSOR ALTITUDE, SENSOR LATITUDE, and SENSOR LONGITUDE (decimal degrees) or								
SENSOR ALTITUD	E and SENSO	R LATLO	ONG (degree	s, minutes, seconds)					
SENSOR X DIMENSION	SENSXDMN	Int	13	Specifies the sensor location along the x axis in Earth Centered, Earth Fixed Cartesian coordinates. Repeating. (See Note 1)	fnnnnnnnnnn in meters				
SENSOR Y DIMENSION	SENSYDMN	Int	13	Specifies the sensor location along the y axis in Earth Centered, Earth Fixed Cartesian coordinates. Repeating. (See Note 1)	fnnnnnnnnnn in meters				
SENSOR Z DIMENSION	SENSZDMN	Int	13	Specifies the sensor location along the z axis in Earth Centered, Earth Fixed Cartesian coordinates. Repeating. (See Note 1)	fnnnnnnnnnn in meters				
SENSOR ALTITUDE	SENSALT	Int	5	Altitude of sensor. Repeating.(See Note 1)	00000 to 99999 in feet MSL				
SENSOR LATITUDE	SENSLAT	Int	9	Specifies the sensor geographic location in decima degrees of latitude. Repeating.(See Note 1)	tfdd.ddddd - where "+" is northern hemisphere and "-" is southern hemisphere.				
SENSOR LONGITUDE	SENSLON	Int	10	Specifies the sensor geographic location in decimal dgrees of longitude. Repeating. (See Note 1)	tfddd.ddddd - where "+" is eastern hemisphere and "-" is western hemisphere.				
SENSOR LATLONG	SENSLTLG	Int	15	Specifies the sensor geographic location in degrees, minutes and seconds of latitude and longitude. Repeating. (See Note 1)	ddmmssXdddmmssY where $d = degrees$, $m = minutes$, $s = seconds$ of latitude/longitude and $X = N$ or S and $Y = E$ or W .				

Table 12-1 Core Analog Video Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR	ELEMEN	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
		TYPE	T		
			LENGTH		
IMAGE CATEGORY	ICAT	<u>Char</u> A	8	Identifies the specific category of	See Table 10-3
				imagery (often revealing the nature of the	Less VD
				collector or intended use). Required for	Plus VDEO, VDOP, VDTI, and VDFL
				NITFS.	

Table 12-1 Core Analog Video Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR	ELEMEN	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
		TYPE	T		
			LENGTH		
SENSOR MODEL	SENSMODEL	Char	4	Identifies the name of the sensor model	TBD
				used in capturing the image.	
Note 2: FOCAL LEN	IGTH or FIEL	D OF VI	EW, SENSO	R ROLL ANGLE, ANGLE TO NOF	RTH, and sensor depression angle (the inverse
of OBLIQUITY AN	GLE) are used	to recon	struct a trape	zoid defining the area covered by the	e video frame.)
FOCAL LENGTH	FOCLNGTH	Int	5	Focal length of lens at time of collection.	nnnnnnnnnnnnn (fixed point) (TBR)
				Repeating. (See Note 2)	nnnn.n in millimeters for Video.
FIELD OF VIEW	FOV	Int	3	Sensor field of view in degrees. (See Note	0 to 180 degrees
				2)	
SENSOR ROLL ANGLE	SENSRANG	Int	4	Specifies the roll angle of the sensor.	#180 in degrees
				Repeating. (See Note 2)	
				Image Data	
ANGLE TO NORTH	ANGLETO	<u>Int</u> N	3	Angle in degrees from the first row of the	000-359
	NORTH			image to true north. Required for NITFS	
				if ESD = Y . (See Note 2)	
OBLIQUITY ANGLE	OBLANGLE	<u>Int</u> N	5	Obliquity angle of image expressed in	00.00 to 90.00
				degrees. Accuracy = 0.6 degrees.	The inverse of sensor depression angle.
				Required for NITFS. (See Note 2)	

Table 12-1 Core Analog Video Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR	ELEMEN	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
		TYPE	T		
			LENGTH		
CLASSIFICATION	CLASS	CharA	1	Indicates the classification level of the product. Mandatory across all products. Required for NITFS.	T - TOP SECRET S - SECRET C - CONFIDENTIAL R- RESTRICTED - Non U.S. classification systems only. U - UNCLASSIFIED
DATUM	DATUM	<u>Char</u> A	3	Identifies the datum of the map used to derive the target coordinates (UTM or GEO). Repeating	Domain values as listed in the DDDS for data element Horizontal-Reference-Datum-Code, In accordance with Appendix B, Attachment 10, XI DBDD 08 93 CO Aug 93.
IMAGE COORDINATE SYSTEM	ICORDS	<u>Char</u> A	1	Indicates the geo-referenced coordinate system for the image. Required for NITFS.	G = Geodetic, C = Geocentric, N = None.
				nay be defined by FRAME CENTER ATLONG (degrees, minutes, second	LATITUDE and FRAME CENTER (s)
FRAME CENTER LATITUDE	FRCNTLAT	Int	9	Specifies the video frame center point geographic location in decimal degrees of latitude. Repeating. (See Note 3)	tfdd.ddddd - where "+" is northern hemisphere and
FRAME CENTER LONGITUDE	FRCNTLON	Int	10	Specifies the video frame center point geographic location in longitude. Repeating. (See Note 3)	tfddd.ddddd - where "+" is eastern hemisphere and "-" is western hemisphere.
FRAME CENTER LATLONG	FRCNLTLG	Int	15	Specifies the video frame center point geographic location in degrees, minutes and seconds of latitude and longitude. Repeating. (See Note 3)	ddmmssXdddmmssY where $d = degrees$, $m = minutes$, $s = seconds$ of latitude/longitude and $X = N$ or S and $Y = E$ or W .
FRAME POSITIONAL ACCURACY	FRPSNACC	Int	4	Accuracy of FRAME CENTER coordinates as a Circular Error Probable (CEP) (50%). Repeating.	nnnn in meters
SLANT RANGE	SLRNGE	Int	5	Distance from the sensor to the image center point on ground.	000000 to 99999 in meters

Table 12-1 Core Analog Video Data Elements (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	CHAR	ELEMEN	ELEMENT DESCRIPTION	PERMISSIBLE PERMISSABLE VALUES
		TYPE	T		
			LENGTH		
VIDEO TIME STAMP	VTMSTP	Char	8	Indicates the time the video was captured	Per ANSI/SMPTE 12M-1995
				and the related frame number. Repeating.	$hhmmssff\ where\ hh = hour,\ mm = minute,\ ss =$
					second, and ff is a unique field associated with the
					specific instance of hhmmss.

Appendix IV SPIA DATA ELEMENT MA PPING

<u>Table 13-1 below lists all SPIA data elements in alphabetical order and maps the element to the Section 4 table where the element is described in full detail.</u>

Table 13-1 SPIA Data Element Mapping

ELEMENT	ABBR	SPIA TABLE
ACCESS ID	ACCESSID	Table 4-2 (Product)
ANGLE TO NORTH	ANGLETO	Table 4-1 (Image)
	NORTH	
ASSOCIATED COUNTRY	ASSOCTRY	Table 4-7 (Person)
ASSOCIATED REPORT	ASSRPT	Table 4-2 (Product)
ASSOCIATED TEXT	ATEXT	Table 4-2 (Product)
AUTHORITY	AUTHORITY	Table 4-3 (Security)
<u>AUTHORITY TYPE</u>	<u>AUTHTYP</u>	Table 4-3 (Security)
BIRTH DATE	DOB	Table 4-7 (Person)
BITS PER PIXEL PER BAND	ABPP	Table 4-1 (Image)
CAMERA SPECS	CAMSPECS	Table 4-1 (Image)
CATEGORY	CAT	Table 4-4 (Target)
CLASSIFICATION	CLASS	Table 4-3 (Security)
CLASSIFICATION REASON	<u>CLASSRSN</u>	Table 4-3 (Security)
CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM	<u>CLASSYS</u>	Table 4-3 (Security)
CLASSIFICATION TEXT	CLASTXT	Table 4-3 (Security)
CLOUD COVER	CLOUDCVR	Table 4-1 (Image)
CODEWORDS	CODEWORDS	Table 4-3 (Security)
COMPLIANCE LEVEL	CLEVEL	Table 4-1 (Image)
COMPRESSION	COMGEN	Table 4-1 (Image)
GENERATION		
CONTROL	CONTROL	Table 4-3 (Security)
COUNTRY	CTRYPROD	Table 4-5 (Equipment)
PRODUCED		
COUNTRY CODE	CTRYCD	Table 4-5 (Target)
COUNTRY CODE	CTRYDSN	Table 4-5 (Equipment)
DESIGNED		
DATUM	DATUM	Table 4-4 (Target)
DECLASSIFICATION TYPE	DECLASTYP	Table 4-3 (Security)
DECLASSIFICATION DATE	DECLASSDTE	Table 4-3 (Security)
DECLASSIFICATION	DECLASXMP	Table 4-3 (Security)
EXEMPTION	_	
DOWNGRADE	<u>DWNGRD</u>	Table 4-3 (Security)
DOWNGRADE DATE	DWNDTE	Table 4-3 (Security)

Table 13-1 SPIA Data Element Mapping (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	SPIA TABLE
EQUIPMENT CODE	EQPCODE	Table 4-5 (Equipment)
EQUIPMENT	EQPMAN	Table 4-5 (Equipment)
MANUFACTURER		
EQUIPMENT	EQPNOMEN	Table 4-5 (Equipment)
NOMENCLATURE		
EVENT NAME	EVENTNAME	Table 4-6 (Event)
EVENT TYPE	EVENTTYPE	Table 4-6 (Event)
EXPLOITATION SUPPORT	ESD	Table 4-1 (Image)
DATA		_
FILE CONTROL NUMBER	<u>FCNTLNR</u>	Table 4-3 (Security)
FIRST NAME	FIRSTNME	Table 4-7 (Person)
FM CONTROL NUMBER	FMCONTROL	Table 4-2 (Product)
IMAGE CATEGORY	ICAT	Table 4-1 (Image)
IMAGE COLUMNS	NCOLS	Table 4-1 (Image)
IMAGE COORDINATE	ICORDS	Table 4-1 (Image)
SYSTEM		_
IMAGE DATUM	<u>IDATUM</u>	Table 4-1 (Image)
IMAGE ELLIPSOID	<u>IELLIP</u>	Table 4-1 (Image)
IMAGE GEOGRAPHIC	IGEOLO	Table 4-1 (Image)
LOCATION		
IMAGE ID	IMAGEID	Table 4-1 (Image)
IMAGE PROCESSING	PREPROC	Table 4-1 (Image)
<u>LEVEL CODE</u>		
IMAGE PROJECTION	<u>IPROJ</u>	Table 4-1 (Image)
<u>SYSTEM</u>		
IMAGE REPRESENTATION	IREP	Table 4-1 (Image)
IMAGE ROWS	NROWS	Table 4-1 (Image)
KEYWORD	KEYWORD	Table 4-2 (Product)
LAST NAME	LASTNME	Table 4-7 (Person)
<u>LICENSE</u>	<u>LIC</u>	Table 4-1 (Image)
MAP ID	MAPID	Table 4-2 (Product)
MEAN GSD	MEANGSD	Table 4-1 (Image)
MIDDLE NAME	MIDNME	Table 4-7 (Person)
MISSION NUMBER	MSNNUM	Table 4-1 (Image)
NATIONAL IMAGE	NIIRS	Table 4-1 (Image)
INTERPRETABILITY		
RATING SCALE		
NUMBER OF BANDS	NBANDS	Table 4-1 (Image)
OB TYPE	OBTYPE	Table 4-5 (Equipment)

Table 13-1 SPIA Data Element Mapping (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	SPIA TABLE
OBJECT VIEW	OBJVIEW	Table 4-5 (Equipment)
OBLIQUITY ANGLE	OBLANGLE	Table 4-1 (Image)
OTHER CONDITIONS	OTHERCOND	Table 4-1 (Image)
PAGE/PART NUMBER	PPNUM	Table 4-2 (Product)
PERCENTAGE OF	PERCOVER	Table 4-4 (Target)
COVERAGE		
<u>PLATFORM</u>	<u>PLATID</u>	Table 4-1 (Image)
<u>IDENTIFICATION</u>		
PRODUCER CODE	PRODUCERCD	Table 4-2 (Product)
PRODUCER SUBELEMENT	PRODUCERSE	Table 4-2 (Product)
PRODUCT CODE	PRODCODE	Table 4-2 (Product)
PRODUCT CREATE TIME	PRODCRTIME	Table 4-2 (Product)
PRODUCT FILE SIZE	PRODFSIZE	Table 4-2 (Product)
PRODUCT FORMAT	PRODFMT	Table 4-2 (Product)
PRODUCT ID NUMBER	PRODIDNO	Table 4-2 (Product)
PRODUCT SHORT NAME	PRODSNME	Table 4-2 (Product)
PRODUCT TITLE	PRODTITLE	Table 4-2 (Product)
PROJECT ID CODE	PROJID	Table 4-1 (Image)
RELEASE	RELEASE	Table 4-3 (Security)
REQUESTING	REQORG	Table 4-2 (Product)
ORGANIZATION		
RPC	RPC	Table 4-1 (Image)
SATELLITE TRACK	<u>SATTRACK</u>	Table 4-1 (Image)
SECTION TITLE	SECTITLE	Table 4-2 (Product)
SENSOR MODE	SENSMODE	Table 4-1 (Image)
SENSOR NAME	SENSNAME	Table 4-1 (Image)
SOURCE	SOURCE	Table 4-1 (Image)
SOURCE DATE	<u>SRCDTE</u>	Table 4-3 (Security)
STANDARD RADIOMETRIC	SRP	Table 4-1 (Image)
PRODUCT		
STEREO ID	STEREOID	Table 4-1 (Image)
SUBJECTIVE DETAIL	SUBDET	Table 4-2 (Product)
SUBJECTIVE QUALITY	SUBQUAL	Table 4-1 (Image)
SUN AZIMUTH	SUNAZ	Table 4-1 (Image)
SUN ELEVATION	SUNEL	Table 4-1 (Image)
TARGET GEOGRAPHIC	TGTGEO	Table 4-4 (Target)
COORDINATES		
TARGET ID	TGTID	Table 4-4 (Target)
TARGET LATITUDE	<u>TGTLAT</u>	Table 4-4 (Target)
TARGET LONGITUDE	TGTLON	Table 4-4 (Target)

Table 13-1 SPIA Data Element Mapping (Cont.)

ELEMENT	ABBR	SPIA TABLE
TARGET NAME	TGTNAME	Table 4-4 (Target)
TIME OF COLLECTION	TIMECOLL	Table 4-1 (Image)
TOTAL PAGES/PARTS	TPP	Table 4-2 (Product)
TYPE ORDER OF BATTLE	ORDBAT	Table 4-5 (Equipment)